



רחל בן דוד
מרכז להצלחה בלימודים

חוברת אנגלית

כיתה ט'



Do, does, don't, doesn't

אנחנו משתמשים בפעלי עזר אלה על מנת לבנות שאלות ומשפטי שלילה ב present simple.

משפטי שלילה

To make the **negative** form, you need to use 'do not' (don't) or 'does not' (doesn't).

Negative (of 'play')

I **do not** play

I **don't** play

you **do not** play

you **don't** play

he **does not** play

he **doesn't** play

she **does not** play

she **doesn't** play

it **does not** play

it **doesn't** play

we **do not** play

we **don't** play

they **do not** play

they **don't** play

בנה משפטי שלילה

- My father makes breakfast. → My father doesn't make breakfast
- I am 18 years old → I'm not 18 years old or I am not 18 years old.
- You are home
- You like 80's music
- He is an accountant.....
- She is a doctor.....
- It is hot outside today.....

- It plays loud music.....
- We are going to Mexico tomorrow.....
- We like falafel.
- They are in grade 11.....
- You are going to Tel Aviv tomorrow afternoon.
.....
- They are eleven.....
- She writes a letter.
- I speak Italian.
- They dance in their room.....
- He listens to his mother.....
- I buy a lot of clothes.....
- I speak to my father every day.....
- Her daughter comes to over after work for dinner.
.....
- She walks to school.
- I like ice cream.....
- You are late.....
- He buys a toy for his daughter.....
- She tells her mother where she is going.....
- He runs very fast.....
- They travel light.....
- He always forgets his wallet at home.....
- We always leave for school at 8 am.

- You love me.....
- Danny phones his father on Sundays.....
- She loves to dance.....

Fill in each blank with suitable form of the verb in the Present Simple Tense.

Rinat doesn't want to go with her parents to England.

Rinat: I (not want) to move to England. I (not speak) English well. I (not want) to leave my friends, and I (not like) the cold wet weather.

Mother: Look, we can practice speaking English. Both your father and I (speak) English. We (speak) slowly enough so that you (can understand)..... us. Let's (go)..... to the library and (take out) Some books in English. It (be) easy to learn. You already (know) how to read and write.

Rinat: I (be) an Israeli. I (like) Israel. I (have) friends here. I (visit) them whenever I (want to) They (come)..... over.

We (study) together and (go) to the movies and other places. I (not want) To go to England and you (cannot make) me.

Mother: We only (move) for a year. Your father (work) for a Jewish agency and he (have)..... Work to do there. He (must go) He (love) Israel too. He (want) to return

as soon as his service (be) Over (you understand)?

Rinat: You (go) ! I'll stay here with Grandmother.

Mother: (be) you sure? If Grandmother (agree) I'll ask your father. (be) That okay?

Rinat: It certainly (be) !

Questions

- you / to speak / English
- when / he / to go / home
- they / to clean / the bathroom.....
- where / she / to ride / her bike
- Billy / to work / in the supermarket
- Sally/ to dance/ at the YMCA.....
- It / to like/ to go for a walk... ..
- what / to do/ your father do for a living.....
- you / to love/ your boyfriend.....
- It /(to be) / time/ to go / yet.
- what / to be/ your name?
- the dog/ to sleep/ in the dog's bed.....
- she/often/ eat candy.....
- she/to read/ books.....
- he/ to be/ from Canada
- she/ to collect/ stamps.....

Adverbs

Adverbs are words that describe how, when or where something was done. It gives us more information about the verb. Usually we take an adjective and we add ly at the end:

- Slow-slowly
- Quick- quickly
- Polite- politely
- Beautiful- beautifully
- Happy-happily
- Possible-possible
- Magic- magically

The adverbs comes after the verbs.

- A tiger is fast. A tiger runs fast.
- A stone is hard. Mr. Cohen works hard.
- Ron is a good student. He studies well.

Write the adverbs

<u>Adjectives</u>	<u>Adverbs</u>	<u>Adjectives</u>	<u>Adverbs</u>
Clear		good	
Polite		free	
Simple		formal	
Fast		automatic	
Casual		possible	
Heavy		fantastic	
Hungry		Happy	
Careful		hard	

Fill in with the adverb form.

1. Dana has a beautiful voice. She sings
2. Beethoven was a good musician. He played the piano
3. Mr. Maloney wears formal clothes for work. He always dresses because he is a bank manager.
4. John has a hard life. He works very to support his family.
5. Habits save time because they are automatic. We do them without thinking.

Choose adjective or adverb

1. John smiles **kind/kindly** when he saw his wife and baby.
2. Mrs. Maloney was dresses **casual/casually** when she went to the restaurant.
3. John is a **good/well** teller and he gets along good/well with his colleagues and customers.
4. John and his wife are happy/happily married.
5. Detective Novak interrogated John **serious/seriously**. John didn't answer the questions honest/honestly.
6. Last night I visited my friends. The evening passed (**pleasant, pleasantly**). My friends are (**warm, warmly**) people and it is always (**nice, nicely**) to spend the evening with them.

Adjective or adverb

1. The ants are workers. They work very (hard).
2. I hope to do my homework because these exercises are very (easy).
3. Some white people were to their black slaves and beat them (cruel).
4. The old man was (standing) by the river doing nothing. (simple)
5. Detective Inspector Novak was very When he interrogated John. (polite)
6. John was puzzled when he realized that Novak knew the truth. (complete)
7. Are you sitting ? Thank you. This arm chair is very (comfortable).
8. Mr. Maloney was hurt when he heard about John's plan to change the data on the computer. (bad)
9. The tiger is a animal. It always runs When it hunts for food. (fast)

10. Fill in with adjectives or adverbs.

11. Last night Michelle, Jenny, and their pals visited Avi's family. The evening was very (pleasant). Avi's parents greeted the guests (warm). At the dinner table they asked them questions about life in the states. Sharon, Avi's

little sister, was (quiet) and listened
..... (curious). She asked them
..... (polite) about their hobbies and Larry told her
..... (proud) about his school's swimming team. Then
they discussed the (serious) political situation of
Israel and Avi's father explained (careful) the
Israeli Arab problem. To end the (exciting)
evening (successful) they sang some
..... (beautiful) Israeli songs/ When it was time
for them to leave Sharon was (sad) and
asked them to come again. They agreed
(happy) and said it wouldn't be (hard) at all.